

# Threshold-based Fall Detection on Smart Phones

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# Outline

- The Kompass Project
- Threshold-Based Fall Detection
- Evaluation for Android-Smartphones
- Demo



# The Kompass Project - started 2008

Kompass supports seniors and their caretakers:

- 1 Appointment reminder,
- 2 Fall detection with alarm call,
- 3 monitoring of seniors suffering from dementia with alarm call



Cooperation with the nursing home  
Florencehort, LAFIM, in Stahnsdorf



# Kompass Requirements

- **easy-to-use:** Caretakers should be supported  $\implies$  no additional technical devices, but alarm call to their office mobiles
- **easy-to-use:** Input of appointments via PC
- **Low operational costs** and **easy to install** (i.e. no extra constructional costs are required).

$\implies$  Seniors get a smartphone with  
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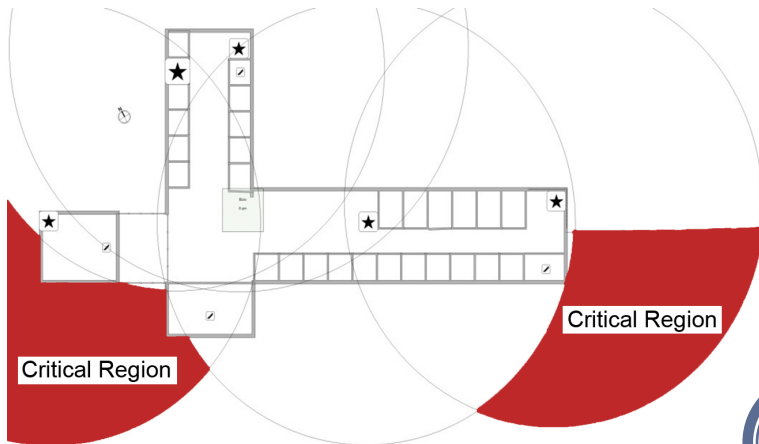
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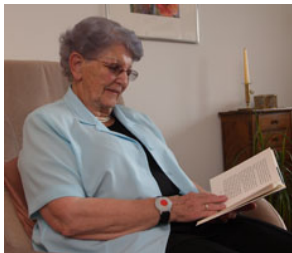


# Monitoring/Localization

- 6 Wi-Fi Router
- Localization based on the Received Signal Strength (RSS)



# Differences to existing systems: German Red Cross



Alarm center acts 365/24:

- Alarm Button
- Keep-alive-Signal  $\implies$  Button has to be activated twice a day  
 $\implies$  **no active fall detection**





# Alternative Solutions

- **Smart Cameras** for Fall Detection:
  - restricted to dedicated areas (garden?)
  - blind spots?
  - costs,
  - privacy?
  
- **Sensor mats:**
  - restricted to dedicated areas (garden?)
  - stability?, hygiene?
  - costs



# Kompass Approach

## Smartphone:

- 1 (almost) at hand
- 2 modern smartphones are equipped with a **tri-axial accelerometer**
- 3 localization indoor (Wi-Fi based) and Outdoor (GPS) possible  
⇒ enables an alarm call with information about the fall position:  
*“Mrs. Smith is fallen outside in the garden.”*



# Kompass Fall Detection: First Approach

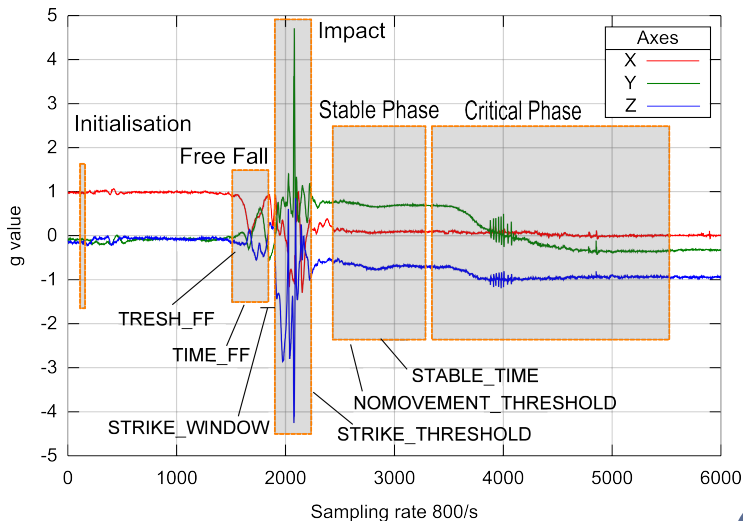


Self-made device: [Efficient Mobile Unit \(EMU\)](#)

- first experiments with the **tri-axial accelerometer ADXL345** from Analog Devices
- Sampling-Rate up to 800 Hz
- threshold-based fall detection algorithm proposed by Jia from Analog Devices
- in-hardware preprocessing  $\implies$  energy savings



# Kompass Fall Detection



States of a fall shown for a frontal fall without loss of consciousness

# Fall Detection on Android-Smartphones

Differences:

- 1 Sampling Rate of Android-Smartphones:
  - Sony Ericsson Xperia Arc **ca. 80Hz**
  - HTC Evo 3D **ca. 50Hz**
- 2 no in-hardware preprocessing

Research questions:

- 1 Are the accelerometers in standard smartphones *good* enough for fall detection?
- 2 What about energy consumption?  $\implies$  Usability



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# Simulator

- 1 Optimizing of the threshold parameters of the fall detection algorithm **with/without** free fall phase

- 2 Evaluation:

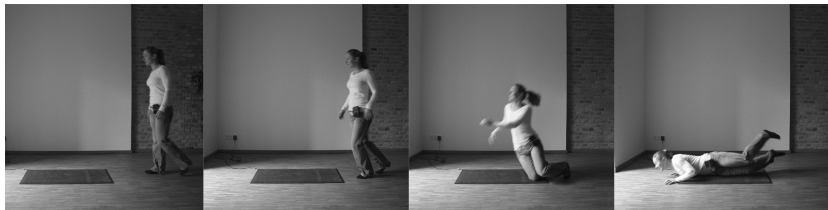
$$\textit{Sensitivity} = \frac{\textit{TruePositives}}{\textit{Number of all falls}}$$

- 3 Evaluation:  
Activities of Daily Life (ADLs)

$$\textit{Specificity} = \frac{\textit{TrueNegatives}}{\textit{Number of all ADLs}}$$

Trace-driven simulation: Falls and ADLs were gathered with EMU devices





## Recording of 84 falls of probands in the age of 20-30 years

Sebastian Fudickar, Christian Karth, Philipp Mahr, Bettina Schnor: *Fall-Detection Simulator for Accelerometers with in-Hardware Preprocessing*, 5th Workshop on "Affect and Behaviour Related Assistance", held in conjunction with PETRA 2012, Heraklion Greece, 2012.



# Result: Influence of Sampling Rate

## Classification:

- 1 **normal falls:** cover falls where the proband moves again.
- 2 **critical falls:** describe falls where the proband does not move after the impact for at least 5 seconds and loss of consciousness is assumed.

Sampling rate	with free fall detection			without free fall detection		
	normal	critical	sum	normal	critical	sum
800 Hz	29	49	78 (92%)	35	48	83 (99%)
400 Hz	32	47	79 (94%)	37	46	83 (99%)
200 Hz	29	49	78 (92%)	34	48	82 (98%)
100 Hz	28	51	79 (94%)	34	48	82 (98%)
50 Hz	28	49	77 (92%)	34	49	<b>83 (99%)</b>
correct value	36	48	84	36	48	84

⇒ The algorithm **without** free fall detection and with our parameter settings detects 83 of 84 falls in our fall set (99 %).

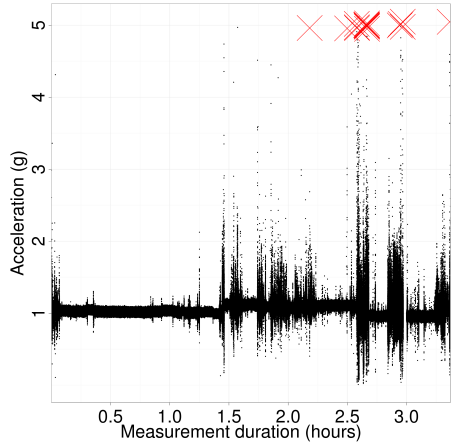
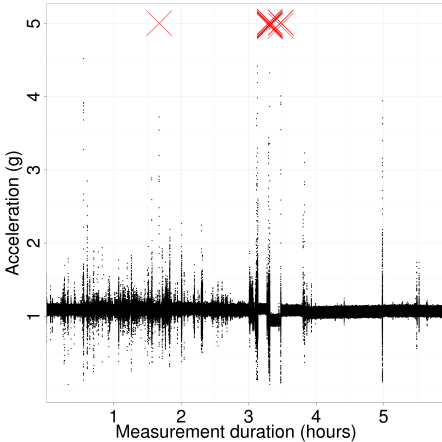


## Recording of ADLs:

- 9 seniors from Florencehort in Stahnsdorf
- in the age of 70 up to 95 years
- smartphone was worn in a fanny pack (bum bag)
- altogether about 41 h ADLs recorded



## Example of two ADL records (acceleration in g):



Red crosses indicate the acceleration measure exceeds 5 g:

trace a    trace b    trace c    trace d    trace e    trace f    trace g    trace h  
17        0        8        0        12        20        7        15



# Confusion matrix

Confusion matrix for fall detection algorithm (without freefall detection) **at 50 Hz**

	Detected as Falls	Detected as ADL
Falls	83	1
ADLs	0	all



# Energy Consumption?

Runtime

with fall detection: 20 h

Runtime

with fall detection **and** standard use of smartphone: 12 h

Tobias Gimpel, Bachelor Thesis



Demo

Demo-Mode: Smartphone rings if fall detected.

